

Examen Inertiel, ENSI 2.

Luc Jaulin, ENSTA-Bretagne

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Durée: 60 minutes.

Exercice 1. Consider the matrix

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & d \\ 0 & b & 1 \\ 0 & c & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- 1) Find a, b, c such that we have a rotation matrix.
 - 2) Give a representation of the rotation using Euler angles. Give a representation of the rotation using quaternions.
 - 3) Give the value of \mathbf{R}^k , for $k \in \{-1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots\}$.
 - 4) Give an expression of this matrix of the form $\mathbf{R} = \exp(\mathbf{A})$. Give the value for \mathbf{A} .
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Exercice 2. We consider a wheel with center at the origin O . The axis of the wheel has the direction Ox . The angle of the wheel with respect to some reference point located on the tire of wheel is denoted by φ . No other rotation are possible. A torque u can be used to control the rotation speed ω_x of the wheel. The inertia matrix of the wheel is

$$\mathbf{I} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m\rho^2}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{m\rho^2}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{m\rho^2}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

- 1) Find a state space model of the wheel.
 - 2) Propose a controller so that the wheel converges to the constant desired speed $\bar{\omega}$.
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2) A controller could be $u = \bar{\omega}_x - \omega_x$.